

## Model Question Paper

### Undergraduate Programme - Civics

Questions: 40

Time : 40 Minutes

Max. Marks: 40 x 1 = 40

SHADE the correct Response viz., A, B, C, D or E in the RESPONSE SHEET. Each Question carries ONE mark.

### SAMPLE QUESTIONS

- 1) The Constitution of India provides for
  - A) Dual citizenship
  - B) Single citizenship
  - C) Both (A) and (B)
  - D) National and International citizenship
  
- 2) To whom among the following does man, as a citizen, owe his loyalty?
  - A) The community
  - B) The State
  - C) The caste
  - D) The kinship group
  
- 3) For the first time the term “State” was used in modern times by
  - A) Machiavelli
  - B) Aristotle
  - C) Rousseau
  - D) J S Mill
  
- 4) The most acceptable notion of the State in modern times is
  - A) Welfare notion
  - B) Constitutional notion
  - C) Ethical notion
  - D) Legal notion
  
- 5) Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of sovereignty?
  - A) Permanence
  - B) Imperceptibility
  - C) Indivisibility
  - D) Transferability
  
- 6) Which one of the following theories is regarded as more realistic on the origin of State?
  - A) Theory of force
  - B) Divine origin theory
  - C) Evolutionary theory
  - D) Social contact theory
  
- 7) Who said that man was born free but everywhere he is in chains?
  - A) Rousseau
  - B) Bentham
  - C) Aristotle
  - D) Hobbes

- 8) The main functions of a State based on individualistic philosophy are
- A) Maintenance of law and order
  - B) Maintenance of welfare institutions
  - C) Establishment of a classless society
  - D) Providing social services
- 9) The book “The Wealth of Nations” was written by
- A) Humboldt
  - B) Adam Smith
  - C) Spencer
  - D) Laski
- 10) A right becomes meaningful only if it
- A) Is recognised by Society
  - B) Is embodied in law
  - C) Is demanded by people
  - D) Is sanctioned by religion
- 11) If the State abolishes the privileges of any group of people, it will create
- A) Political equality
  - B) Social equality
  - C) Economic equality
  - D) Legal equality
- 12) Right to freedom of speech and expression is associated with
- A) Political justice
  - B) Social justice
  - C) Legal justice
  - D) Economic justice
- 13) Who said “Democracy is a Government of the people, by the people and for the people?”
- A) H J Laski
  - B) John Locke
  - C) Jawaharlal Nehru
  - D) Lincoln
- 14) Which was the first Marxist State in the World?
- A) Poland
  - B) Soviet Union (erstwhile)
  - C) China
  - D) Vietnam
- 15) The Hare system was invented by
- A) Hobbes
  - B) Locke
  - C) Rousseau
  - D) H J Laski
  - E) None of the above

- 16) The 'surplus value', according to Marx, is pocketed by  
A) The Government  
B) The Working Class  
C) The Capitalist  
D) The religious priests
- 17) Public opinion in the real sense of the term exists in a  
A) Fascist State  
B) Totalitarian State  
C) Liberal Democratic State  
D) Marxist State
- 18) If a Constitution can be amended by a Parliament through an ordinary law making procedure, it is regarded as  
A) A written constitution  
B) A rigid constitution  
C) A flexible constitution  
D) An evolved constitution
- 19) In a Presidential system, who allocates portfolios among members of the Council of Ministers/Cabinet?  
A) President  
B) Prime Minister  
C) Speaker of the Lower Chamber  
D) Parliament
- 20) If the President chooses to resign before the expiry of his normal term, he has to address his resignation to the  
A) Vice-President  
B) Chief Justice of India  
C) Speaker of Lok Sabha  
D) Chief Election Commissioner

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